Exam. Code	:	209003
Subject Code	:	3764

## M.Sc. Physics 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester ELECTRODYNAMICS—II Paper: PHY-502

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

Note: — Attempt ALL the questions from Section-A and attempt ONE question each from the Sections B, C, D and E.

## SECTION—A

- 1. (a) What do you mean by "Transverse Magnetic" modes in a waveguide?
  - (b) Differentiate between a cavity and a waveguide.
  - (c) What are the postulates of special relativity? 2
  - (d) What do you understand by proper and improper time?
  - (e) What do you mean by "Poynting vector"? Explain.
  - (f) In case of electric dipole radiation, if just the input current is doubled, by how much amount the radiated power will increase.
  - (g) Draw the polar intensity diagrams for (a) 1 = 2, m = 0 and (b) 1 = 2,  $m = \pm 2$ .

2371(2118)/DAG-8669 1 (Contd.)

# www.a2zpapers.com

(h)	What	is	the	difference	between	Coulomb	and
	Lorentz gauge ?						2

- (i) What do you mean by the "Q" of a cavity? 2
- (j) A particle with a proper life time of 4 μs, moves through a laboratory frame at a speed of 0.96 c.
  Calculate its life as measured by an observer in laboratory.

### SECTION—B

- 2. (a) Suppose we have a rectangular waveguide with height 'a' and width 'b'. Assume TM mode is propagating along the z-direction. Obtain an expression for:
  - (i) Variation of "Ez" as a function of 'x' and 'y', and 8
  - (ii) Allowed wave vector of the TM waves in terms of relevant parameters. 4
  - (b) What is the advantage of perturbing the boundary conditions? Explain.
- 3. (a) Consider a resonant cavity with close faces at

"z = 0" and "z = d". If 
$$\psi(x, y) = \psi_0 \cos\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right)$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{n\pi y}{a}\right)$$
, determine  $\vec{E}_t$  and  $\vec{H}_t$  for TM waves using suitable boundary conditions.

2371(2118)/DAG-8669 2 (Contd.

# www.a2zpapers.com

(b) Consider a rectangular waveguide with dimensions
 2.38 cm × 1.11 cm. Find the cut off frequency.
 What TE modes will propagate in this waveguide, if the driving frequency is 1.70 × 10<sup>10</sup> Hz? 8

### SECTION—C

- 4. (a) Obtain the transformation relations between u<sub>x</sub>', u<sub>y</sub>', u<sub>z</sub>' and u<sub>x</sub>, u<sub>y</sub>, u<sub>z</sub> and other relevant parameters where the primed frame of reference is moving at a speed "v" with respect to the unprimed frame.
  - (b) Find the speed of a particle if its kinetic energy is n-times its rest energy. 10
- 5. (a) How are Maxwell's equations recast under special relativity?
  - (b) A straight wire placed along z-axis carries a charge density "λ", travelling along +ve z-direction at a speed "v<sub>0</sub>". Construct (a) the field tensor and
    (b) the dual tensor at a point on x-axis.

## SECTION—D

Derive expressions for radiation field "E" and "B" produced by an oscillating electric dipole oriented along z-axis.

2371(2118)/DAG-8669

2

(Contd.)

# www.a2zpapers.com

7. Show that

$$V(r, \theta, t) = \frac{p_0 \cos \theta}{4\pi \in_0 r} \left\{ -\frac{\omega}{c} \sin \left[ \omega \left( t - \frac{r}{c} \right) \right] + \frac{1}{r} \cos \left[ \omega \left( t - \frac{r}{c} \right) \right] \right\}$$

and 
$$\vec{A}(\vec{r},t) = -\frac{\mu_0 p_0 \omega}{4\pi r} \sin \left[\omega \left(t - \frac{r}{c}\right)\right] \hat{z}$$
, satisfy the Lorentz gauge condition.

#### SECTION—E

- 8. (a) Obtain a mathematical expression for angular distribution of radiation emitted by an accelerated charge particle.
  - (b) Obtain a mathematical expression for Larmour' formula and give its relativistic generalisation.
- 9. (a) Derive an expression for the power radiated by a point charge and discuss its relativistic generalisation?
  - (b) Discuss briefly about relativistic (a) energy and(b) momentum.

200